











Union County, NC Department of Public Works
Wastewater System Performance Summary
Fiscal Year 2015-2016



Collection System WQCS00054

BioSolids - Land Application WQ0007486 - NCDEQ ND0089044 - SCDHEC











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Dear Customer,

We are proud to share this year's Annual Wastewater System Performance Summary with you. This report outlines last year's water treatment efforts. Included are details about your treatment facilities, the elements found in your water, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies.

Wastewater is all the water that leaves the inside of your home or business through sinks, toilets, washing machines, etc. and enters Union County's wastewater (sewage) collection system. Wastewater then flows through pipes into the County's regional sewage system, where it is treated to meet federal and state water quality standards.

We have a responsibility to manage our water resources in a sustainable manner to ensure there is sufficient water and its quality is protected. While we are committed to conserving resources and protecting the environment through wastewater treatment, this can only occur if it is done in a safe manner. Protection of public health and safety is, and must remain, our first priority. We are proud of our achievements to date, but we aim to constantly improve the way we manage the wastewater generated by our residents.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water, please contact me at 704-289-7044. If you want additional information, please visit our website at www.co.union.nc.us.

Sincerely, Junior Huneycutt Union County Public Works 500 North Main Street Monroe, NC 28112



Public Works' Mission Statement is as follows: Develop water, sewer and solid waste infrastructure that supports residential, commercial, industrial and agricultural needs while meeting Federal/State.

commercial, industrial and agricultural needs while meeting Federal/State regulations and providing our customer base with acceptable levels of service at cost effective rates

1.0 INTRODUCTION

House Bill 1160, the Clean Water Act of 1999, was ratified by the North Carolina General Assembly on July 20, 1999 and signed into law by the Governor on July 21, 1999. This legislation placed significant reporting requirements on entities that own or operate wastewater systems. This Performance Summary is intended to establish compliance with this rule.

Union County Public Works (UCPW) is charged with the management, operation and maintenance of the County's sanitary sewer system. During the 2015-16 fiscal year the wastewater system was comprised of 5 active wastewater treatment plants (WWTP), 75 wastewater pumping stations, and over 650 miles of pipe with 33,853 connections. In addition to the 5 WWTPs which have a combined rated treatment capacity of 8.15 million gallons per day (MGD), the County, through contractual agreement, has 2.65 MGD and 3.0 MGD of purchased capacity at the City of Monroe WWTP and Charlotte's McAlpine Creek WWTP respectively.











2.0 DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Performance Report the following definitions apply:

- Aerobic A condition in which atmospheric or dissolved molecular oxygen is present in the aquatic environment.
- Automatic Telephone Dialer or ATD A device connected to the telephone system that will call programmed telephone numbers to alert people of equipment status.
- Biological Nutrient removal The process of removing nitrogen and phosphorus from wastewater using biological processes as opposed to chemical means.
- Biosolids A primarily organic solid product, produced by wastewater treatment processes that can be beneficially recycled. The word biosolids replaces the word sludge.
- BOD Biochemical Oxygen Demand The rate at which organisms use the oxygen in water or wastewater while stabilizing decomposable organic matter under aerobic conditions. The BOD Test is a procedure that measures the rate of oxygen use under controlled conditions of time and temperature. BOD is typically used to express the "strength" of wastewater.
- CL₂ Chlorine Residual The amount of chlorine present in the final effluent after disinfection. Typically measured in micrograms per liter or milligrams per liter.
- D.O. Dissolved Oxygen Molecular (atmospheric) oxygen dissolved in a liquid.
- Effluent Treated wastewater flowing from the treatment system.
- Extended Aeration A type of wastewater treatment facility in which the wastewater is retained and treated for a minimum of 24 hours at design flow before discharge occurs.
- **Impeller-** A rotating set of vanes in a pump designed to pump or lift water.
- Inflow and Infiltration (I&I) Extraneous water that enters the sanitary sewer system through openings and/or defects in the collection system.

- Fecal Coliform The coliform (bacteria) found in the feces of warm blooded animals. The presence of coliform-group bacteria is an indication of possible pathogenic bacterial contamination.
- MGD Million Gallons per Day Volumetric measurement of flow converted to millions. Example 150,000 gallons per day (gpd) / 1,000,000 = 0.150 MGD
- NH₃ Nitrogen as Ammonia A compound found naturally in wastewater. The compound is produced by the deamination of organic nitrogen containing compounds
- NPDES Permit National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permits, required by the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, which regulate discharges to surface waters.
- **pH** The expression of the intensity of the basic or acidic condition of a liquid.
- **Pump Station** A holding tank with pumps that forces wastewater uphill when flow by gravity is not possible.
- Reclaimed Water Highly treated wastewater that has undergone advanced treatment processes to remove solids, organics, and pathogens meeting the State's Health and Safety Standards for Beneficial Reuse.
- SCADA Acronym for "supervisory control and data acquisition", a computer system for gathering and analyzing real-time data.
- SBR Sequencing Batch Reactor A type of wastewater treatment facility that treats and discharges water in batches as opposed to continuous flow.
- SSO Acronym for "sanitary sewer overflow"
- Telemetry A system by which information pertaining to remote equipment status is transmitted via radio waves to a central location.
- TSS Total Suspended Solids Particles suspended in a liquid.
- Turbidity The measurement of the clearness or cloudiness of a liquid.

Wipes Clog Pipes

Although some products are labeled and marketed as disposable, such as baby wipes, this does **NOT** mean they can be flushed in the toilet. Unlike toilet paper, these products do not break down once they are flushed. Save yourself and your sewer utility from costly repairs. Please place them in the trash, not the toilet.













3.0 SYNOPSIS OF WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES (Fiscal Year 2015-2016)

During the 2015-16 fiscal year the Department of Public Works operated and maintained a total of five (5) active wastewater treatment facilities and maintained one (1) inactive facility. Although each Permit requires facility visitation daily, excluding weekends and holidays, Public Works' wastewater treatment facilities are checked 7 days per week, 365 days per year. All treatment facilities are equipped with emergency back-up power generators. In addition to SCADA, each facility has both audible and visual trouble alarms. Wastewater treatment plant staff rotate "call duty" for after hour situations that may arise.

A brief overview of each facility and a performance summary table for each facility is provided herein.

3.1 Twelve Mile Creek Water Reclamation Facility

Permit No. NC0085359. Twelve Mile Creek WRF is an extended aeration facility utilizing biological nutrient removal and tertiary filtration. Disinfection is accomplished via UV (ultraviolet light). Twelve Mile effluent is discharged into Twelve Mile Creek, which is part of the Catawba River Basin. The facility is permitted to discharge up to 6.0 MGD of treated wastewater. Twelve Mile Creek WWTP is located at 8299 Kensington Drive and serves Waxhaw as well as portions of Indian Trail, Stallings and Weddington. Please refer to Table 3-1.

3.2 Crooked Creek Water Reclamation Facility

Permit No. NC0069841. Crooked Creek WRF is an extended aeration facility utilizing tertiary filtration. Disinfection is accomplished via UV (ultraviolet light). Crooked Creek effluent is pumped over 17,000 feet to discharge into the North Fork Crooked Creek which lies in the Yadkin Pee Dee River Basin. This facility is permitted to discharge up to 1.9 MGD of treated wastewater. Crooked Creek is located at 4015 Sardis Church Road and serves the Indian Trail, Lake Park and Stallings areas. Please refer to Table 3-2.

3.3 Hunley Creek Wastewater Treatment Plant

Permit No. NC0072508. The facility was taken out of service May 10, 2006, via a flow diversion project and remains inactive. Hunley Creek is located at 6913 Stevens Mill Road. Due to "Inactive Status" of the Hunley Creek WWTP, there was no data to report to Table 3-3 for fiscal year 2014-15.

3.4 Olde Sycamore Water Reclamation Facility

Permit No. WQ0011928. Olde Sycamore is an extended aeration facility with tertiary filtration. Disinfection is accomplished via UV (ultraviolet light). This facility is permitted to discharge up to 0.150 MGD (150,000 per gallons per day) of treated wastewater. Olde Sycamore was "up-fitted" in early 2012 to improve operating efficiency (reduced electrical consumption) by implementing usage of fine-bubble diffused aeration versus the former "coarse-bubble" aeration. Olde Sycamore serves the Olde Sycamore Golf Community located off Highway 218 and Rock Hill Church Road. Olde Sycamore effluent is discharged to a man-made impoundment from which it is then pumped onto the Olde Sycamore Golf Course as a source of irrigation. Please refer to Table 3-4.

3.5 Tallwood Estates Wastewater Treatment Plant

Permit No. NC0069523. Tallwood is an extended aeration facility with tertiary filtration. Disinfection is accomplished via UV (ultraviolet light). This facility is permitted to discharge up to 0.05 MGD (50,000 gallons per day) of treated wastewater. Tallwood plant was replaced in 2013 with a new facility. Tallwood is located within and serves the Tallwood Subdivision off Brief Road and Belk Boy Scout Camp. Tallwood effluent is discharged to Clear Creek, which lies in the Yadkin Pee Dee River Basin. Please refer to Table 3-5.

3.6 Grassy Branch Wastewater Treatment Plant

Permit No. NC0085812. Grassy Branch is an extended aeration facility with tertiary filtration. Disinfection is accomplished via UV (ultraviolet light). This facility is permitted to discharge up to .05 MGD (50,000 gallons per day) of treated wastewater. Grassy Branch is located at 1629 Old Fish Road and currently serves the Unionville Elementary, Piedmont Middle and Piedmont High School as well as one individual residence, Loxdale Farms Subdivision, and Smith Field Subdivision. Grassy Branch effluent is discharged to Crooked Creek which lies in the Yadkin Pee Dee River Basin. Please refer to Table 3-6.

Twelve Mile Creek Water Reclamation Facility NPDES Permit #: NC0085359 Fiscal Year: 2015-2016 Effluent Limits and Performance

| PARAMETER | LIMIT | JUL '15 | AUG '15 | SEP '15 | OCT '15 | NOV '15 | DEC '15 | JAN '16 | FEB '16 | MAR '16 | APR '16 | MAY '16 | JUN '16 |
|--|-------------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|
| FLOW | 6.0 MGD | 3.27 | 3.49 | 3.15 | 4.38 | 5.35 | 5.21 | 4.31 | 4.28 | 3.14 | 4.01 | 4.53 | 3.95 |
| рН | 6-9 SU | 6.5 - 8.0 | 7.3-7.7 | 7.4-8.0 | 7.3-7.6 | 6.7-7.2 | 6.8-7.5 | 6.8-7.2 | 6.9-7.2 | 7.0-7.5 | 16.6-21.0 | 7.2-7.5 | 7.2-7.6 |
| BOD ₅ SUMMER (APR.1 - OCT.31) | 5 mg/l | 1.1 | 3.3 | 1.5 | 2.5 | - | - | - | - | - | 1.2 | 0.67 | 0.57 |
| WINTER (NOV.1 - MAR.31) | 10 mg/l | - | - | - | - | 6.0 | 5.4 | 6.7 | 5.8 | 2.5 | - | - | - |
| AMMONIA NITROGEN SUMMER | 1 mg/l | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.3 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| WINTER | 2 mg/l | - | - | - | - | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| TOTAL SUSPENDED RESIDUE | 30 mg/l | 4.3 | 6.7 | 4.7 | 6.0 | 10.0 | 11.6 | 12.9 | 10.3 | 7.1 | 1.3 | 0 | 0.59 |
| FECAL COLIFORM | 200/100 ml | 21 | 162 | 13 | 17 | 105 | 41 | 309 | 185 | 29 | 1 | 1.6 | 3.34 |
| DISSOLVED OXYGEN | ≥ 6 mg/l | 7.4 | 7.7 | 7.8 | 8.3 | 8.6 | 8.9 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 8.4 | 8.5 |
| COPPER | 13.2 ug/ <u>l</u> | 0.0 | 5.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 3.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.3 |
| ZINC | 175.0 ug/l | 60.3 | 55.6 | 63.2 | 40.4 | 16.0 | 35.0 | 29.0 | 41.0 | 48.0 | 50.0 | 40 | 60 |
| TOTAL PHOSPHOROUS | 41.7 #/day | 3.96 | 0.84 | 0.33 | 0.28 | 0.44 | 0.26 | 0.82 | 0.43 | 0.49 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.17 |

Permit Violations:

December 2015 BOD did not meet acceptance January 2016 BOD did not meet acceptance

Crooked Creek Water Reclamation Facility NPDES Permit #: NC0069841 Fiscal Year: 2015-2016 Effluent Limits and Performance

| PARAMETER | LIMIT | JUL '15 | AUG '15 | SEP '15 | OCT '15 | NOV '15 | DEC '15 | JAN '16 | FEB '16 | MAR '16 | APR '16 | MAY '16 | JUN '16 |
|--|--------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|
| FLOW | 1.900 MGD | 1.01 | 1.19 | 1.07 | 1.35 | 1.59 | 1.71 | 1.45 | 1.43 | 1.09 | 1.06 | 1.37 | |
| pH | 6-9 SU | 6.9-8.0 | 7.1 – 7.9 | 7.1 – 7.9 | 7.1 – 7.7 | 6.9 - 7.6 | 6.8 – 7.6 | 7.0 – 7.5 | 6.6 – 7.5 | 7.0 – 7.5 | 6.4-7.3 | 6.3-7.1 | |
| Cl ₂ | 17 ug/l | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | - | |
| BOD ₅ SUMMER (APR.1 - OCT.31) | 5 mg/l | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - | - | | .08 | 2.3 | |
| WINTER (NOV.1 - MAR.31) | 10 mg/l | - | - | - | - | 0.6 | 3.20 | 1.8 | 31.9 | 0.8 | - | - | |
| AMMONIA NITROGEN SUMMER | 2 mg/l | 0.06 | 0.0 | 0.03 | 0.0 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.06 | 0.05 | |
| WINTER | 4 mg/l | - | - | - | - | 0.03 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 0.2 | - | - | |
| TOTAL SUSPENDED RESIDUE | 30 mg/l | 8.7 | 3.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 48.3 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 4.8 | |
| FECAL COLIFORM | 200/100 ml | 176 | 32 | 4 | 37 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 6 | |
| DISSOLVED OXYGEN | <u>></u> 6 mg/l | 7.4 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.7 | 9.9 | 9.5 | 9.2 | 8.8 | |

Permit Violations:
July 2015 – Weekly geometric mean fecal coliform exceeded permit limit
December 2015 – Weekly TSS and BOD violations
February 2016 – Weekly violations for BOD (2) and TSS; Monthly violations for BOD & TSS

Hunley Creek Wastewater Treatment Plant
NPDES Permit #: NC0072508
Fiscal Year: 2015-2016 Effluent Limits and Performance

| PARAMETER | LIMIT | JUL '15 | AUG '15 | SEP '15 | OCT '15 | NOV '15 | DEC '15 | JAN '16 | FEB '16 | MAR '16 | APR '16 | MAY '16 | JUN '16 |
|--|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|------------|
| FLOW | 0.231 MGD | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| pH | 6-9 SU | | | | _ | | _ | | | _ | | | |
| Cl ₂ | 20 ug/l | | | | H | lunle | y Cr | eek V | VWT | P | | | |
| BOD ₅ SUMMER (APR.1 - OCT.31) | 5 mg/l | | | | is c | urrer | itly n | ot in | serv | ice | | | |
| WINTER (NOV.1 - MAR.31) | 10 mg/l | - | · 6 | :1:4 | | | | | | | · | 0000 | |
| AMMONIA NITROGEN SUMMER | 2 mg/l | ı | his f | acılıt | y was | s iist | ea as | inac | tive | as or | way | 2006 |) ; |
| WINTER | 4 mg/l | the | refor | e. the | ere is | s no d | data i | repoi | rted f | or th | is fis | cal v | ear |
| TOTAL SUSPENDED RESIDUE | 30 mg/l | | | -, | | | | | - | | | , | |
| FECAL COLIFORM | 200/100 ml | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DISSOLVED OXYGEN | <u>></u> 5 mg/l | | | | | | | | | | | | |

No violations for fiscal year

Olde Sycamore Water Reclamation Facility NPDES Permit #: WQ0011928 Fiscal Year: 2015-2016 Effluent Limits and Performance

| PARAMETER | LIMIT | JUL '15 | AUG '15 | SEP '15 | OCT '15 | NOV '15 | DEC '15 | JAN '16 | FEB '16 | MAR '16 | APR '16 | MAY '16 | JUN '16 |
|-------------------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| FLOW | 0.150 MGD | 0.055 | 0.046 | 0.044 | 0.052 | 0.074 | 0.081 | 0.081 | 0.084 | 0.067 | 0.066 | 0.080 | 0.048 |
| рН | 6-9 SU | 7.3-7.5 | 6.9-7.4 | 6.8-7.4 | 6.9-7.6 | 6.9-7.4 | 6.9-7.3 | 6.7-7.4 | 6.8-7.2 | 6.7-7.2 | 6.7-7.3 | 6.8-7.3 | 6.6-7.5 |
| BOD₅ | 10 mg/l | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| AMMONIA NITROGEN | 4 mg/l | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.00 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0 |
| TOTAL SUSPENDED RESIDUE | 5 mg/l | 0.0 | 2.6 | 0.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 0.0 | 2.5 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| FECAL COLIFORM | 14/100 ml | 7 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| TURBIDITY | ≤ 10 NTU | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.4 |

Permit Violations: August 2015-fecal coliform violation

TABLE 3-5

Tallwood Estates Wastewater Treatment Plant NPDES Permit #: NC0069523 Fiscal Year: 2015-2016 Effluent Limits and Performance

| PARAMETER | LIMIT | JUL '15 | AUG '15 | SEP '15 | OCT '15 | NOV '15 | DEC '15 | JAN '16 | FEB '16 | MAR '16 | APR '16 | MAY '16 | JUN '16 |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| FLOW | 0.050 MGD | 0.019 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.032 | 0.051 | 0.053 | 0.034 | 0.032 | 0.021 | 0.021 | 0.03 | 0.05 |
| рН | 6-9 SU | 6.9-7.7 | 7.0-7.4 | 6.9-7.4 | 6.9-7.4 | 6.7-7.4 | 6.4-7.5 | 6.6-7.1 | 6.5-7.2 | 6.3-7.5 | 6.3-7.5 | 6.6-7.9 | 6.7-7.44 |
| BOD ₅ SUMMER(APR 1-OCT 31) | 5 mg/l | 0.4 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 0.0 | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | 0.0 | 1.65 | 1.3 |
| WINTER (NOV.1 - MAR.31) | 10 mg/l | , | - | 1 | - | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| AMMONIA NITROGEN SUMMER | 2 mg/l | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.24 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 |
| WINTER | 4 mg/l | - | - | - | - | 0.14 | 0.24 | 0.03 | 0.8 | 0.2 | - | - | - |
| TOTAL SUSPENDED RESIDUE | 30 mg/l | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 3.8 | 8.52 |
| FECAL COLIFORM | 200/100 ml | 4 | 2 | 5 | 54 | 15 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
| DISSOLVED OXYGEN | <u>></u> 6 mg/l | 7.3 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 8.3 | 9.0 | 8.6 | 9.6 | 8.8 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 7.7 | 6.99 |

Permit Violations: September 2015-fecal coliform violation November 2015-monthly flow violation December 2015-BOD violation

January 2016-BOD didn't meet acceptance weekly

Grassy Branch Wastewater Treatment Plant NPDES Permit #: NC0085812 Fiscal Year: 2015-2016 Effluent Limits and Performance

| PARAMETER | LIMIT | JUL '15 | AUG '15 | SEP '15 | OCT '15 | NOV '15 | DEC '15 | JAN '16 | FEB '16 | MAR '16 | APR '16 | MAY '16 | JUN '16 |
|--|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| FLOW | 0.050 MGD | 0.017 | 0.030 | 0.028 | 0.059 | 0.074 | 0.082 | 0.061 | 0.059 | 0.035 | 0.031 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| pH | 6-9 SU | 7.2-8.0 | 6.5-7.7 | 6.7-7.7 | 6.6-7.8 | 6.6-7.5 | 6.7-7.5 | 6.8-7.7 | 6.7-7.8 | 6.5-7.6 | 6.4-7.6 | 6-7.3 | 6.64-8.01 |
| Cl ₂ | 17 ug/l | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| BOD ₅ SUMMER (APR.1 - OCT.31) | 5 mg/l | 0.8 | 0.7 | 7.2 | 4.7 | - | - | - | - | - | 5.7 | 2.375 | 5 |
| WINTER (NOV.1 - MAR.31) | 10 mg/l | - | - | - | - | 6.8 | 4.8 | 4.0 | 7.9 | 3.3 | - | - | - |
| AMMONIA NITROGEN SUMMER | 2 mg/l | 0.00 | 0.22 | 1.43 | 1.41 | - | - | - | - | - | 1.74 | 1.28 | 2 |
| WINTER | 4 mg/l | - | - | - | - | 5.16 | 1.70 | 8.09 | 3.69 | 2.79 | - | - | - |
| TOTAL SUSPENDED RESIDUE | 30 mg/l | 0.0 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 10.4 | 8.5 | 13.8 | 5.0 | 2.1 | 0.5 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.52 |
| FECAL COLIFORM | 200/100 ml | 18 | 4 | 10 | 8 | 51 | 56 | 56 | 223 | 3 | 2 | 41.31 | 3.96 |
| DISSOLVED OXYGEN | <u>></u> 6 mg/l | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.3 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 8.4 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 8.5 | 8.1 | 7.6 | 7.6 |

Permit Violations:

September 2015-BOD violation

October 2015-BOD, TSS, and fecal violations

November 2015-fecal coliform violation

December 2015-monthly flow violation, fecal coliform violation, TSS violation January 2016-2 weekly ammonia violations and BOD violations February 2016-monthly flow violations and fecal coliform violations April 2016 BOD exceeded permit level May 2016 BOD exceeded permit level











4.0 BIOSOLIDS MANAGEMENT (Fiscal Year 2015-2016)

Biosolids are managed and disposed of in accordance with Permit No's. WQ0007486 issued by the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality and ND0089044 issued by South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control. Biosolids are stored at both the Crooked Creek and Twelve Mile Creek WRFs. The solids are aerobically digested and then applied as "fertilizer" to permitted sites. The solids are considered stabilized and thus suitable for land application when the volatile solids content is reduced by 38%. If this 38% volatile solids reduction can not be achieved, then alkaline stabilization, injection or incorporation is employed to insure permit compliance. Union County Public Works, through its biosolids contractor, land applied approximately 5.97 million gallons of biosolids, which equates to 946 dry tons.



What Are Biosolids?

Biosolids are the nutrient-rich, organic by-product of the wastewater treatment process. When treated and managed appropriately, they can be beneficially used for a number of purposes, such as a fertilizer to improve and maintain productive soils and stimulate plant growth. Biosolids are one of the most studied materials that have ever been regulated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

5.0 SYNOPSIS OF WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM (Fiscal Year 2015-2016)

Permit No. WQCS00054. UCPW currently operates and maintains over 663 linear miles of sewer mains, including force mains, and 75 wastewater pumping stations providing service to population of approximately 95,172 customers. All pump stations are equipped with both audible and visual alarms as well as either automated telephone dialers (ATD) or telemetry which alert staff when alarm conditions are present. Inspections of all pump stations meet or exceed State requirements. Emergency auxiliary power is provided to all stations via portable or permanent mounted generators. Union County personnel are on call rotation and available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and 365 days a year.

Public Works is required by State permit to clean a minimum of 10% of the collection system annually to prevent and/or reduce backups and overflows. Staff has consistently surpassed that requirement, cleaning more than the required 10%. UCPW cleaned approximately 12.6% (74 miles of 590 total gravity miles) of the collection system last year. Staff also conducts inspections of the collection system with the utilization of underground closed-circuit television (CCTV) inspection equipment. These cleaning and inspection efforts allow staff to determine areas in the system that require repairs or increased maintenance to provide the proper service to our customers.

FOG (Fats, Oils, and Grease) program is aimed at reducing grease-related back-ups and overflows by educating the public of the hazards associated with the disposal of grease and grease related by-products into the wastewater system. Union County Public Works, in conjunction with Union County Environmental Health, has developed a comprehensive list of food service establishments (FSE) and commercial establishments. This effort will assist in development and enforcement of a grease trap inspection program ensuring that restaurants and other food preparation facilities properly maintain grease traps and interceptors.











This fiscal year, approximately 103 FSEs have been visited, along with 34 schools.

| LINE MAINTENANCE (min. 10%) | | |
|-----------------------------|---------|-------|
| | FEET | MILES |
| SEWER LINES CLEANED | 390,720 | 74 |
| CCTV MAIN LINE | 9,007 | 1.71 |
| SMOKE TESTING | 37,678 | 7.14 |
| | | |

Don't Clog With FOG

When FOG (Fat, Oil and Grease) enters our sewer system, it cools and hardens, clinging to pipe walls. Over time it builds up and leads to blockages in the system lines. These blockages prevent the normal flow of waste water and eventually cause overflows, resulting in damage to homes, businesses and the environment. We need your help in disposing of FOG in safer, more environmentally-friendly methods.

FOG Is Found In

Meat Fats, Fried Foods, Scraps, Cooking Oil, Baked Goods, Butter, Margarine, Dairy Products



FOG DOs



Do keep grease out of the wash water. Scrape excess out or wipe with a paper towel.



Do place food scraps in the garbage.



Do put oil and grease in collection containers and dispose of in the trash.

FOG DON'Ts



Don't use the drain as a means of disposing of food scraps.



Don't put oily, greasy foods down the garbage disposal.



Don't pour fat, oil and grease down the drain. Flushing it with hot water doesn't help.











Utility easements and right-of-ways are maintained by UCPW staff to ensure access for staff and equipment to conduct routine maintenance as well as respond to emergencies, such as sanitary sewer overflows. The easements require round-the-clock access and should not be impeded by structures such as pools (above or below ground), buildings, etc. as well as gardens, trees, shrubs, plantings, etc. Public Works staff inspects and conducts necessary maintenance, including mowing, to these easements and right-of-ways once a year, at a minimum.

High priority lines such as aerial creek crossings, lines subject to erosion and/or problematic areas are visually inspected at a minimum semi-annually. High priority lines are inspected more frequently after periods of heavy rain and flooding.

UCPW maintains emergency response equipment in a ready state at all times. This emergency equipment varies in nature from spare electrical parts and plumbing supplies, to vacuum trucks, pumps, and backhoes. Workers safety is of utmost importance. Safety equipment such as night lighting, gas monitors, trenching and shoring equipment, and reflective cones/signs are always readily available.

UCPW has Capital Improvement Projects (CIP) to identify and correct deficiencies associated within the wastewater collection system. Below is a sample of projects:

- <u>Grassy Branch and Twelve Mile Creek Manhole Rehabilitation</u> project was completed in December 2015. The project benefit was to reduce storm water entry (inflow & infiltration "I&I) into the sanitary sewer system, reducing treatment and maintenance costs. This project is a part of a comprehensive "rehabilitation and repair" program in the Public Works' CIP plan to conduct necessary repairs to the collection system on an annual basis. Approximately \$487,800 was spent on rehabilitation efforts to over 400 manholes.
- <u>East Fork 12 Mile Interceptor</u> project was completed in April 2016. This project increased capacity in the 12 Mile trunk sewer system resolving capacity concerns regarding current wastewater flows, while allowing for future growth. Approximately 37,000 LF of interceptors were replaced.
- <u>Davis Mine Creek Interceptor</u> project was completed in October 2015. This project also increased capacity in the Davis Mine trunk sewer to handle current wastewater flows, as well as future growth. Approximately 4,500 LF of interceptors were replaced.
- <u>Crooked Creek WWTP Headworks Improvements</u> project completed its design phase in January 2016. The anticipated start date for construction is June 2016. This project consist of constructing a flow equalization tank and improvements to the influent pumping station result in greater operational control and reduce the risk of sanitary sewer overflows during wet weather events. A new screening and grit removal facility will also be constructed.
- **12 Mile Creek WWTP Filter Replacement** project began construction in September 2015 and is anticipated to be complete by June 2016. This project will replace the existing effluent filter system with new cloth disk filters which will result in improvement of the plant operational efficiency and increases effluent quality.
- 12 Mile Creek WWTP Expansion completed design in April 2016 and is anticipated to begin construction in August 2016. The project will expand the plant's treatment capacity from 6.0 MGD to 7.5 MGD which will ensure that demand will be met under projected growth scenarios.
- <u>Ongoing sanitary sewer evaluation studies (SSES)</u> throughout the collection system to identify problems, conduct flow monitoring, and need for rehabilitation.
- During the Fiscal Year 2015-2016, Union County's wastewater system collected and conveyed approximately 3.38 billion gallons of wastewater. There were thirty nine (39) sanitary sewer overflows with a combined estimated volume of 131,980 gallons that occurred within the collection system. Union County Public Works conveyed 99.998% of the total volume of wastewater without incident.
- The annual rainfall for Union County is 46 inches per year. Over the months of late September to December 2015, some areas of the County received in excess of 31 inches of rain, which was at times very intense. This equates to getting more than 65% of the annual rainfall during 30% of the year.











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| DATE | MH ID# | ADDRESS | WATER BODY | VOUM | E DATA | TOTAL VOLUME (GALS) | PRIMARY CAUSE OF SSO |
|----------|------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | | GALLONS TO SURFACE WATERS | GALLONS ON GROUND | | |
| 07/27/15 | 2105 | 8311 Prince Valiant Dr | Trib to 12-Mile Crk | 300 | 0 | 300 | Grease |
| 07/31/15 | 3066 | 220 MAYWOOD PATH | None | 0 | 100 | 100 | PS Equip Failure |
| 08/12/15 | | 511 Union West Blvd | Crooked Creek | 200 | 550 | 750 | FM break |
| 08/19/15 | 14092 | Hunley Creek PS | Hunley Creek | 1,500 | 0 | 1,500 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 08/19/15 | 2724 | Grassy Branch WWTP | Grassy Branch | 4,500 | 0 | 4,500 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 09/13/15 | | Mayflower Trail | East Fork 12Mile Creek | 6,000 | 0 | 6,000 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 10/03/15 | 2646 | Eastside PS#3 | Salem Creek | 500 | 0 | 500 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 10/18/15 | | 1019 Blue Stream Ln | Fieldstone Farms | 0 | 540 | 540 | Debris |
| 11/02/15 | 1548, 1547 | East Fork 12mile outfall | East Fork 12Mile Creek | 12,000 | 0 | 12,000 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 11/02/15 | 5231 | 4015 Sardis Church Rd | N Fork Crooked Creek | 1,500 | 0 | 1,500 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 11/02/15 | 2725 | 1619 Old Fish Rd | Grassy Branch | 1,315 | 0 | 1,315 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 11/02/15 | 7214 | Rone Branch PS | Rone Branch | 2,100 | 0 | 2,100 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 11/07/15 | 2645 | 1001 NC Hwy 205 | Rays Fork | 3,500 | 0 | 3,500 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 11/09/15 | 35991 | 3400 Brookstone Trail | Crooked Creek | 500 | 0 | 500 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 11/30/15 | 2729 | 1619 Old Fish Rd | Grassy Branch | 4,800 | 0 | 4,800 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 12/14/15 | 1559 | 7109 Plain View Rd | 12mile Creek | 800 | 1,200 | 2,000 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 12/17/15 | 2724 | 1619 Old Fish Rd | Grassy Branch | 2,400 | 0 | 2,400 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 12/17/15 | 5231, 5225 | 4015 Sardis Church Rd | Crooked Creek | 2,320 | 0 | 2,320 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 12/22/15 | 2724 | 1619 Old Fish Rd | Grassy Branch | 23,625 | 0 | 23,625 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 12/29/15 | 600 | 1619 Old Fish Rd | Grassy Branch | 600 | 0 | 600 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 12/30/15 | 5231 | 4015 Sardis Church Rd | Crooked Creek | 8,000 | 0 | 8,000 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 12/30/15 | 7214 | 912 Sharon Dr | Rone Branch | 12,000 | 0 | 12,000 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 12/30/15 | 2724 | 1619 Old Fish Rd | Grassy Branch | 12,000 | 0 | 12,000 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 01/01/16 | 2820 | 1852 Rock Hill Church Rd | Crooked Creek | 25 | 0 | 25 | Rain |
| 01/05/16 | 12162 | 116 Springhill Dr | | 0 | 225 | 225 | Debris |
| 02/01/16 | Force Main | 1900 Rock Hill Rd | Crooked Creek | 600 | | 600 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 02/04/16 | 7050 | 701 Penny Ln | | 0 | 270 | 270 | Pump Station Failure |
| 02/03/16 | 2724 | 1619 Old Fish Rd | Grassy Branch | 3,900 | 0 | 3,900 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 03/03/16 | 4558 6389 | 2609 Bobwhite Cir 4008 Houndscroft Dr | | 0 | 10 20 | 10 20 | Debris Debris |
| 03/04/16 | 5372 | 608 S Indian Trail Rd | Crooked Creek | 0 | 20 | 20 | Grease |
| 04/16/16 | 3372 | Stallings Rd | Crooked Creek | 11,180 | 0 | 11,180 | Debris |
| 04/15/16 | Force Main | Porter Ridge | Crooked Creek | 350 | 0 | 350 | Contractor hit |
| 04/20/16 | 14,445,222,322,255,000 | 2345 Stallings Rd | Crooked Creek | 0 | 300 | 300 | line Debris |
| 04/20/16 | 14,445,222,322,255,000 | 2345 Stallings Rd | Crooked Creek | 11,180 | 0 | 11,180 | Debris |
| 04/23/16 | 5372 | 608 S Indian Trail Rd | Crooked Creek | 0 | 300 | 300 | Debris |
| 05/01/16 | 4271 | 1713 Crestgate Dr | East Fork 12-Mile Crk. | 75 | 0 | 75 | Debris |
| 05/06/16 | 10818 | 1108 Aringill Ln | West Fork 12-Mile Crk | 550 | 0 | 550 | |
| 06/04/16 | 7214 | 910 Sharon Rd | Rone Branch | 125 | 0 | 125 | Severe Natural Conditions |
| 39 | TOTAL SPILLS | | TOTAL ANNUAL VOLUME | 101,945 | 3,535 | 131,980 | |
| | | | MILES OF PIPE IN SYSTEM | 1 635.00 | | | |
| | | | SSO's PER 100 MILES | 6.14 | | | |











For questions concerning this Wastewater System Performance Summary or additional information please contact UCPW:

(704) 296-4210

Or write to:

Union County Public Works 500 North Main Street, Suite 600 Monroe, NC 28112-4730

This document can also be viewed at:

http://www.co.union.nc.us/LivingHere/PublicWorks.aspx